FIVE CENTS.

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WASHINGTON, D. C., SUNDAY MORNING, JUNE 20, 1915.

# **MEXICAN TROOPS** INTEND TO RESIST LANDING OF U. S

Maytorena Threatens Bloodshed if Admiral Howard's Men Go Ashore at Guaymas.

SAYS HE CAN PROTECT ALL FROM THE YAQUIS

Warships Due Near Scene of Trouble Last Night or Some Time Today.

' MARINES MAY HAVE MARCH

Beleaguered American Colony Ninety Miles Southeast of Port Vessels Have Been Ordered To.

NOGALES, Sonora, June 19 .-Gov. Jose Maytorena authorized the statement today that the entire forces under his command would be used if necessary to resist the landing of United States marines now on the way to the west coast of Mexico to protect foreign settlers of the Yaqui valley from Indians who are at war.

A detachment of nearly 1,000 troops sent to the Yaqui valley store in international affairs and which, in Germany to have a direct bearyesterday, he said, was dispatched the former Secretary of State declared, were inimical to the true interests of primarily to protect settlers and their crops from the Indians, national peace. But, he declares, they have orders to resist any landing of United States military forces.

#### Arrival Momentarily Expected.

According to advices Maytorena has received, the American warships un-der the command of Admral Howard were expected to arrive at Tobari bay late today. The Villa troops dispatched by the governor will encounter burned visers expect them to arrive at Tobari bay, near Guaymas in time to oppose landing. Esperanza, the Ameri-colony, threatened by the Indians, ninety niles southeast of Guaymas. The forces at our disposition," said governor, "are sufficient to afford ple protection to all foreigners and

ple protection to all foreigness ir interests.

There is no necessity for the land-of American marines at Tobari of or elsewhere, and if anly such ding is attempted it will be resisted every means at my command.

## Have Rapid-Fire Guns.

DIEGO, Cal., June 19. pertained field, which sailed from here cliff fleet, which sailed from here thursday, should arrive at Guaymas from and a ship's complement of \$50 officers and men, of whom so is a shoard with three companies of officers and men, of whom so is a reverse of control of a state of cruit of control of the protected cruit o cruiser Colorado, flagship of the Pacific fleet, which sailed from here continued:

#### Lombardo Coming North.

EL PASO, Tex., June 19.-Miguel Diaz Lombardo, minister of foreign relations in Villa's cabinet, is expected to reach the border next week, bringing a definite proposal for a peace confer-ence between warring Mexican fac-tions, according to word from Chihuahus, received today.

Peace Conference Discussed. EL PASO, Tex., June 19.-Gen. Francisco Villa favors Mexico City as the

## Typhus in Monterey.

LAREDO, Tex., June 19.—There were twenty cases of typhus fever in Monterey four days ago, according to sworn statements made today by the nineteen Mexican nuns of the Order of (Continued on Sixteenth Page.)

#### **Government Forces** Take Cape Haitien; French Troops Land

CAPE HAITIEN, Haiti, June 19.-Cape Haitien was captured today by government forces. Marines have been landed from the French cruiser Descartes. The city is calm

Dr. Rosalvo Bobo, leader of the revolutionists, and his followers are in flight toward the village of Trou.

## MR. BRYAN OPPOSES A FORCIBLE PEACE

Attacks Former Presidents Taft and Roosevelt as Its Sponsors.

**DECLARES WORKINGMEN** ARE REAL SUFFERERS

Addresses Labor Meeting at Carnegie Hall, Beginning His Peace Propaganda.

NEW YORK, June 19.-William Jen nings Bryan, addressing a labor peace meeting at Carnegie Hall here tonight, attacked former Presidents Roosevelt and Taft as leading sponsors of organithis country and to the cause of inter

Mr. Bryan began his address by de claring that he could find no more favorable auspices than those of tonight for beginning the work which he felt it his duty to perform—aiding "in the crystallizing of the sentiment in favor of peace in support of the President in his efforts to reach an amicable settlement of all differences that may country and belligerent powers."

preservation than the laboring man, preservation than the laboring man, who, without any pecuniary interest in war, recognized that it was hurtful to him as bringing about enforced idleness, increasing taxes and in calling upon him probably among the first to take up arms, and leaving the accrmath of war to be borne in great measure by him or his family.

## Laboring Men Should Lead.

Therefore, Mr. Bryan argued, it was natural that a peace movement should begin with the laboring man and that organized labor, because of its readily

for the safeguarding of the country.

"Mr. Roosevelt might be excluded from the list of the nation's advisers on all matters relating to peace or war, on the ground that he is so anxious to get into any contest that involves blood-letting that he cannot be trusted to deal with any phase of the subject. The preparedness which he advocates will provoke war instea dof preventing it, and the hotheads which it would arouse would destroy our nation's moral influence."

Mr. Bryan declared that Mr. Roosewelt's plan of making this nation "a rival of the powers of the old world in military and naval preparation" would trivolve indefinite increase in expenditure for ships and men, "to be con-

involve indefinite increase in expendi-ture for ships and men, "to be con-tinued so long as other nations con-tinue to increase."

Col. Roosevelt was ambitious to be sible.

villa takes the position that Mexico's troubles are national; that to hold any conference outside the country would lessen the dignity of the nation; that it makes no difference what troops may occupy Mexico City, the people of Mexico should settle their own affairs within their own country.

The report from Washington of a split in the Carranza cabinet was the subject of spirited comment in Mexican circles here, but pending further developments none would venture a prediction as to its effect on Mexican affairs.

Typhus in Montein uniform with the proud consciousness that our nation no longer contains mollycoddles or weaklings."

Mr. Bryan declared, however, that there was no danger of Mr. Roosevelt's organization securing a numerous following "when its real purpose becomes known," and he urged the laboring men of the country to see that its purpose was clearly understood and give to the President assurances of support to "counteract any influence that the jingoes may seek to exert."

## Opposes Taft Organization.

Of the other organization, with for-(Continued on Sixteenth Page.)

# CITE DESTRUCTION OF U-29 AS A BASIS FOR RESISTING U.S.

Germans Charge British Tank er, Flying Swedish Flag, Rammed Submarine.

**ENGLAND SAYS WARSHIP** SUNK FAMOUS RAIDER

Teutons Ask How It Is Possible to Treat Merchantmen as Demanded by Washington.

CLAIMED TO BE SURRENDER

Wholly Impossible to Render Inef fective, Sea War on Ships Carrying Americans, One Paper Asserts.

Germany announces officially that the famous sea raider, the submarine U-29, was rammed and sunk by a British tank steamer flying the Swedish flag.

The British admiralty announces officially that the U-29, which was destroyed the latter part of March, fell victim to a British warship, the name of which is not disclosed.

The present issue is expected ing upon the negotiations now being carried on between the United States and Germany in regard to war upon neutral shipping.

In Germany it is argued ediorially that Germany cannot re-

lax one whit her warfare against merchantmen which might ram and destroy submarines seeking to search them before firing a torpedo.

Basis for Opposing U. S.

BERLIN, June 19.—A statement given out by the German admiralty to the effect that the German submarine U-29 had been rammed and sunk by a British tank steamer flying the Swedish flag. The British statement said:

"In reference to the notice issued (by the British admiralty) March 25 as to the supposed sinking of the German submarine U-29, the secretary of the admiralty makes the following announcement: "The German submarine U-29 was sunk by one of his majesty's fect that the German submarine U-29 was sunk by one of his majesty's of the supposed sinking of the German submarine U-29 was sunk by one of his majesty had been rammed and sunk by a British deen rammed and sunk by a British tank steamer flying the Swedish flag after the vessel had been ordered to stop, is expected to have an important bearing on the German-American marine. tant bearing on the German-American negotiations. German naval officers and the public at large ask how it is possible for German submarines to treat merchantmen in the way re-quested by the United States, or to take steps to ascertain the nationality of ships displaying neutral flags in the lead in such a movement. Mr. Bryan adhere to the rules laid down by the

Miguel, a neighboring town, because the residents declared for Villa, have marched against the Villa towns of Bacadehuichi and Nasori with the intention of forcing the inhabitants to embrace the Carranza cause.

Trevino at Monterey.

LAREDO, Tex., June 13.—Gen. Jacinto Trevino, with 5,000 men, has arrived at Monterey to reinforce the Carranza garrison there, according to advices received today at Nuevo Laredo, opposite here.

Which he pitches the controversy. It is entirely possible to credit him with the sinking is ships, and raises the assumption that the German successes would have been much greater if this consideration had been discarded.

"The incident further shows plainly." The incident further shows plainly." The incident further shows plainly." The incident further shows plainly. The incident further

"We have all due respect for Ameri-near Salvi beach." conceivable damage to Great Britain in the war of destruction which it tinue to increase."

Col. Roosevelt's Ambition.

He asked if it could be possible that

The same of destruction which it forced upon us.

"Therefore, the American demand to render ineffective our submarine war against every ship carrying American passengers is for us wholly imposand Hospital Necessities.

## Count Reventlow Defiant.

Count Reventlow, the naval critic, in "It is a moral duty to extract every

possible advantage from the submarine ota Lazarevich, a textile expert, ar

Sunk by Warship, Says London. LONDON, June 19 .- The official statement was made public by the British began. A rigid sanitary campaign, with government today that the German assistance of American and foreign submarine U-29, commanded by Capt. medical officers, has checked the dis-

Otto Weddigen, which was destroyed ease, he asserted.

## two months ago, was sunk by "one o MAJ. PULLMAN AIDS his majesty's ships." This belated an IN MAKING ARRESTS

Raid Made on Alleged Violators

barded the Austrian lighthouse at Salvore. An Austrian destroyer fired several shots at Monopoli in a fruitless attempt to burn the naphtha reservoirs there. ere. -"One of our dirigibles bombarded

successfully an ammunition factory near Trieste last night. "The small merchant steamer Maria Grecia was sunk by an Austrian tor pedo boat in the Adriatic last night. The crew was put ashore on our coast,

#### COMMITTEE OF SERBIANS HERE TO BUY SUPPLIES

and Hospital Necessities.

NEW YORK, June 19 .-- Col. Yevran a leading article along a similar vein, Popovitch of the Serbian army, accompanied by Dr. Hadomar S. Maistero vitch, a government chemist, and Givon. Germany cannot let this rived here today on the steamship on be shut up as in a cage whose are formed by threatening notes to United States and by internative regulations.

Themistocks, from Greek ports, on a mission to purchase automobiles, railroad equipment and hospital supplies

of the United States and by international regulations.

"Now is the time for Germany to inform the world clearly and sharply that it will not let limits and restrictions be drawn by other powers to govern the manner of using its submarines."

road equipment and hospital supplies for Serbia.

The party was officially commissioned by the Serbian government, and expects to remain in the United States for several months. Col. Popovitch said that Serbia was fast getting the better of the scourge of typhus that had raged since the war

Armstrong arrested her. She protested that she was ignorant of any violations of the handbook law having been committed in the place of business of her employer, but the detective escorted her from the store and detained her until bond was given.

Johnson was arrested on information furnished by Policeman Drummond, Capt. Peck and an agent of the Department of Justice making the arrest. The ment of Justice making the arrest. The officers took \$19 and a number of pa-

#### Grand Jury to Investigate. It is stated that the grand jury prob-

to trial before next fall. At the time the police and Departsale raid several weeks ago it was

Safety and Patriotism
\$3000 Needed for
the District's

Independence Day
Celebration

Each Family
Should give \$1.00
to keep the children
Give NOW!

BERLIN, June 19.—The prisoners a

raid on alleged violators of the hand book law and three persons were ar

Frank Shore, one of the three, was arrested on a similar charge March 20 and released on bond, and that charge has not been disposed of, it is

of the District Hand-

book Law.

Shore was arrested at his place of business, 1223 New York avenue northvest, where Miss May Money, his cash ier, 1364 North Carolina avenue, also was arrested. Bond in the sum of \$3,000 was furnished for their appear

## Colored Porter in Toils.

The third person caught in the so called handbook dragnet was Albert Kina, which sailed from Savannah, Ga. Johnson, a colored porter at a Pennsylvania avenue hotel. He was arrested at New York avenue and 14th the American owners of the Kina's street northwest, and his home at 1428 cargo. I street northwest was searched for evidence.

attorney's office, and Capt. Charles T. tectives Springmann and Armstrong, assisted by several agents of the Department of Justice and Policeman Drummond of the first precinct, participated in the raid. When the raiding party reached the vicinity of Frank Shore's place of business, it is stated, Detective Springmann, who was in the lead, met Shore on the sidewalk near the door and informed him he was under arrest. Despite the cotton was destined for Germany, the British authorities seized the vestigated in the government's agreement to purchase the whole of the Kina's cargumakes one of the heaviest purchases since the seizure of cotton beginning.

Other Partial Payments.

formed him he was under arrest. ective Armstrong entered and arrested partial payment for the cotton cargoes the young lady cashier.

Alleged Effort to Destroy Evidence

Springmann accompanied Shore into his place of business to permit him to from San Francisco for Stockholm, get his coat, and while in there, the and the Seaconnett from New York for get his coat, and while in there, the police say, Shore attempted to get rid of a piece of paper that he had in his hand when he was placed under arrest. The paper, it is alleged, contained entries bearing upon the handbook business. A search of the store was made by the officers and money and slips supposed to contain handbook information were taken and held as evidence.

Miss Money was at the desk in the business establishment when Detective Armstrong arrested her. She protested that she was ignorant of any violations of the handbook law having been com-

## pers from Johnson.

ably will begin an investigation of the handbook cases in the near future, but it is believed the cases will not come ment of Justice agents made a wholegiven out by Maj. Pullman that other arrests would follow. Some of the handbook men, it is stated, took no stock in the warning, but continued their business of taking money from persons who wanted to back their favorite horses on the tracks.

It is the intention of Maj. Puliman to

continue the raids in an effort to put a stop to this particular form of gam-

#### **BRITISH PRISONERS** PLAY GOLF IN CAMP

Ruhleben have organized the first conentration camp golf club. The Brit ish professional of the Berlin Golf Club who has been made chief of police at the camp, laid out a short course with-in the race track grounds. The inthere de golfers sent for their clubs, and they are now able to devote virtually their entire time and attention to the

# **LOK COLLON 2FIZED**

## Makes Partial Reimbursement for Cargoes of the Kina, Livonia, Dicido and Navajo.

LONDON, June 19, 7 p.m.-The British government today made the first payment of £165,000 (\$825,000) on the cotton cargo of the Danish steamer April 15 for Rotterdam. The payment was made to A. G. Hayes, repres

Because the Kina was delayed in England while her America-bound Clyde A. Ambrose, special agent of cargo was examined, the government the Department of Justice; Detectives subsequently agreed to allow her to Frank M. Helan and Clifford Grant, sail from Savannah with a cotton representing the United States district cargo, although the time limit of the orders in council had expired. How-Peck, Sergt. Edward Kelly and De-ever, on the plea that they believed the cotton was destined for Germany,

The British government has made of the Danish steamer Livonia, the Swedish steamer Dicido and the American steamer Navajo.

The American steamers Portland

#### ASSEMBLY COMPLETES WORK. Illinois Legislators Adjourn After

Passing 316 Bills.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., June 19 .- The forty-ninth general assembly of Illinois completed its work and adjourned at 6 o'clock this evening. Members of both houses will reconvene June 30 to consider the action of the governor on bills and to adjourn sine die.

For a time this afternoon it appearted as though the deadlock between the house and senate over appropriation bills and other matters would keep the legislature in session until next week, but the members, tired out by their long hours of work during the closing days, finally compromised all differences, exchanged farewells and adjourned.

As a result of the work of the sesnois completed its work and adjourned

# DAY FROM LEMBERG, **TEUTON FORCES SEIZE GRODEK AND KOMARNO**

Austria Also Asserts River Tanew, Believed to Be Strong Barrier, Has Been Crossed.

# RUSSIAN ARMIES MAKE STAND TO DEFEND GALICIAN CAPITAL

Campaign Has Been Brought to a Definite Crisis, Petrograd Admits-Sees Menace to Foe in Attacks.

LONDON, June 19.- The strongly fortified Galician town of Grodek, where it was predicted the Russians would make such a stubborn stand, has fallen before the Austro-German assault, according to tonight's Austrian official statement; the River Tanew, believed to be another strong barrier, has been crossed; Komarno, only a few miles south of Grodek, has been taken, and the Austro-German forces are within less than a day's march of Lemberg, capital of Galicia. Grodek is seventeen miles from Lemberg and

Austrian claims were forcast in the German official statement from Berlin, which preceded that from Vienna. The Berlin statement asserted that the Grodek positions were being attacked, the Russians to the north retreating as far as the Tanew line. The Austrians subsequently recorded the fall of Grodek, and claimed that the south bank of the Tanew had been cleared of Russians.

A resume of the Galician situation from Petrograd says that the existing disposition of the Russian forces in the vicinity of Lemberg means a crisis, and that the holding or losing of the line should determine the fate of the Galician capital.

German advance across the province, have made a stand on the heights west of Lemberg, along an eighteen-mile line. Should Lemberg be retaken Austria would have reclaimed virtually the entire province of Galicia, almost all of which was in Russian hands during the earlier stages of the war.

The opinion is expressed in Petrograd that the Russian positions west of Lemberg, which are of great strength on account of the character of the country, can be defended successfully against a frontal attack, and that, consequently, the efforts of the Austrians and Germans will be concentrated on their advance further north, from the San toward Radrusz, which is thirty-five miles northwest of Lemberg.

Further Galician Advances. erman advance across the province

## Further Galician Advances.

The official announcement from Berlin yesterday reported further ad-vances at several points on the Galician front, but said little of the fight-

Russians Make Stand.

The Russian forces, driven from one position after another by the Austro-consistion after another by the Austro-constant of the Germanic armies.

## Are Strongly Fortified.

## appear to have been held at the Tanes river.

Expect Conflict in North. The Russian line in the Grodek region is of such great strength by reaing in the vicinity of Lemberg, which son of the character of the country apparently is less intense for the time that it is believed here a successful being.

The arrival of the assembled Austrian-German armies before the Grodek positions, to the west of Lemberg and along the River Tanew, which runs easterly across the eastern part of the province of Lublin, brought the Galician campaign to a definite crisis, according to Petrograd.

frontal attack would be impossible, South of this region, between Komaring and the Dniester marshes, the country allows an easier approach, but this passage is considered too narrow to be practicable. A conflict therefore is expected in the north, where the Germans are advancing straight from the Control of the Contro frontal attack would be impossible to Petrograd.

The Russian ability to retain Lemberg and eastern Galicia depends, it is northwest of Lemberg.

# MRS. WALSH IN DENIAL GREECE CLOSER TO WAR

Secretary as Preposterous and as Talk of Servants.

pecial Dispatch to The Star. PORTLAND, Ore., June 19.—Mrs Chomas F. Walsh of Washington, D , widow of the Colorado mining milonaire, passed through Portland today en route from the Panama-Pacific international exposition at San Fran-

isco to her home, via Scattle. Mrs. Walsh's stay in Portland was brief, but it was sufficiently long to nable her to deny emphatically reports of her marriage to her young secretary, Mr. McCarthy, who accomanied her on the present trip. "Indeed, I am not married," was the

vording of her answer to a question in her drawing room in a Pullman car of the train, as it paused at the Union depot today. "But a report from Washington, D. C. says that you and Mr. McCarthy, your secretary, have been secretly married and that it is your wedding tour," was

## "Preposterous," declared Mrs. Walsh. "That talk was started by some of my servants, whom I had discharged." Foolish Talk, Mr. McCarthy Says.

"Does Mr. McCarthy accompany you on your present trip;" was ventured. "I refuse to discuss my private affairs," "I have been to the exposition and I am en route home; that is sufficient information for the present."

It developed that Mr. McCarthy was in the car, however, and he was inter-

in the car, however, and he was interviewed.

"How," he was asked, "do you suppose the news got abroad that yourself and Mrs. Walsh had been married?"

"Foolish talk! Foolish talk!" was Mr. McCarthy's explanation. "Nothing to it! Nothing at all."

Besides Secretary McCarthy, Mrs. Walsh is accompanied on her trip by a maid.

Charles W. Duane, who for seventeen charles who has rector of Christ Church, Boston, and widely known in Protestant Episcopal Church circles, died at Ventron, N. J., today. He was seventy-eight years old.

Rev. Mr. Duane retired from active work in 1909. He was the father of William Duane of the Harvard University faculty, and Russell Duane, a prominent Philadelphi lawyar.

#### Characterizes Report of Her Wedding | Reports Say She May Support Allies if Campaign Against Constantinople Is Changed.

Reports that Constantinople may soon be occupied by the allies is contradicted by press dispatches on contradicted by press dispatches on conditions in the Dardanelles. Unofficial reports from Russia announce that Greece, in return for her support of the allies, has exacted a change in the campaign against Constantinople.

These developments last evening were widely commented upon and created a favorable impression in Balkan diplomatic circles.

The Greek government, it was said, declared in a note to Russia that the approach along Gallipoli peninsula was impossible and that an overland attack through Bulgarian territory was the only means which the Greek general staff would consider in case of Greek participation.

In Bulgarian quarters here it was said this probably would never be permitted unless the allies guaranteed sufficient territorial cession from Roumania, Greece and Serbia.

mania, Greece and Serbia.

Offers already reported in the press
as having been made were declared to as having been made were declared as having been hardly sufficient to shake Bulgarian neutrality. Any violation by the allies of Bulgarian territory, it was insisted, would force her to join the Teutonic

## REV. C. W. DUANE DEAD.

Long-Time Rector of Christ P. E. Church, Boston, Succumbs.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 19.-Rev.